

Fail Better: Radical Ideas from the Practice of Cloud Computing

Tom Limoncelli

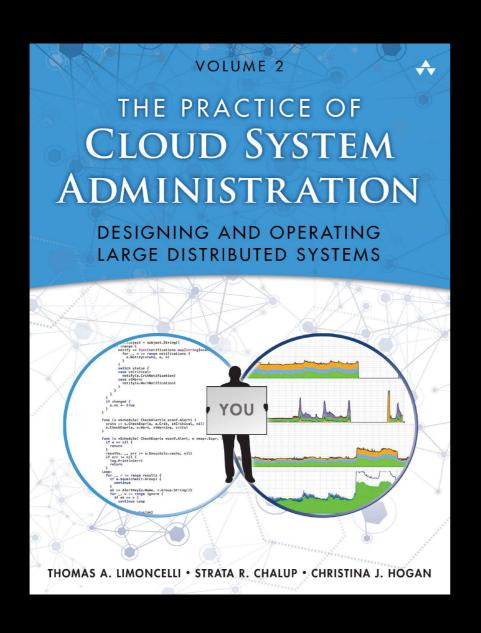
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Radical Ideas from The Practice of Cloud System Administration



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the-cloud-book.com
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www.informit.com/TPOSA Discount code TPOSA35

Who is Tom Limoncelli?

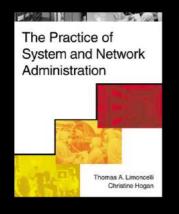
Sysadmin since 1988

Worked at Google, AT&T/Bell Labs and many more.

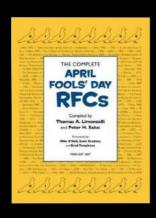
SRE at Stack Exchange, Inc (NYC) http://careers.stackoverflow.com

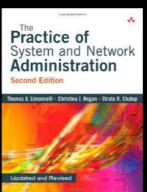
Blog: EverythingSysadmin.com

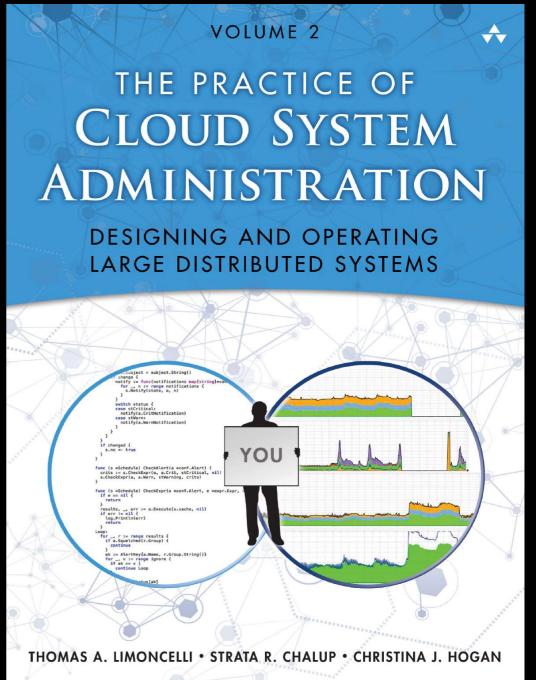
Twitter: **@YesThatTom**





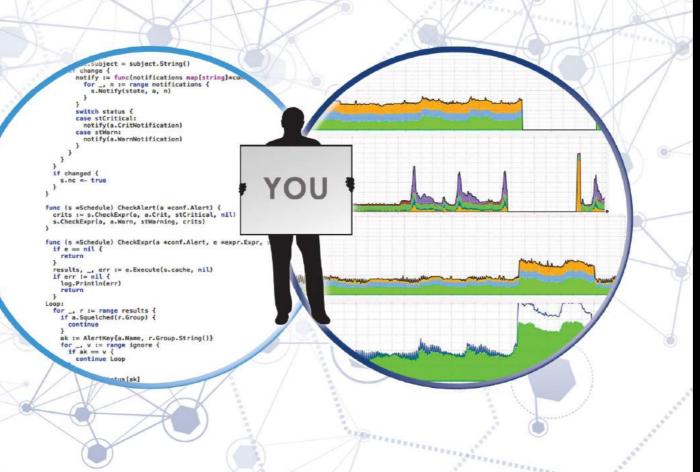






THE PRACTICE OF CLOUD SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION

DESIGNING AND OPERATING LARGE DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS



THOMAS A. LIMONCELLI • STRATA R. CHALUP • CHRISTINA J. HOGAN

	Part I D	Design: Building It		7
	Chapter 1 Designing in a Distributed World			9
Chapter 2 Designing for Operations				31
Chapter 3 Selecting a Service Platform				51
Chapter 4 Application Architectures				69
	Chapter 5 Design Patterns for Scaling			95
	Chapter 6	Design Patterns for Resiliency	119	
	Part II	Operations: Running It		145
	Chapter 7	Operations in a Distributed World		147
	Chapter 8	DevOps Culture		171
Chapter 9 Service Delivery: The Build Phase Chapter 10 Service Delivery: The Deployment F Chapter 11 Upgrading Live Services Chapter 12 Automation Chapter 13 Design Documents Chapter 14 Oncall				195
			Phase	211
				225
				243
				275
				285
Chapter 15 Disaster Preparedness				307
	Chapter 16	Monitoring Fundamentals	10 680112 10	331
	Chapter 17	Monitoring Architecture and Prac	• •	Assessments
	Chapter 18 Capacity Planning		Appendix B The Origins and Future of Distributed Computi- and Clouds	
C	Chapter 19	hapter 19 Creating KPIs hapter 20 Operational Excellence	Annendiy C	
	Chapter 20		Appendix C Scaling Terminology and Concepts Appendix D Templates and Examples	
	Epilogue		Appendix E Recommended Reading	
			T T	0

The Cloud

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The Cloud!!!!

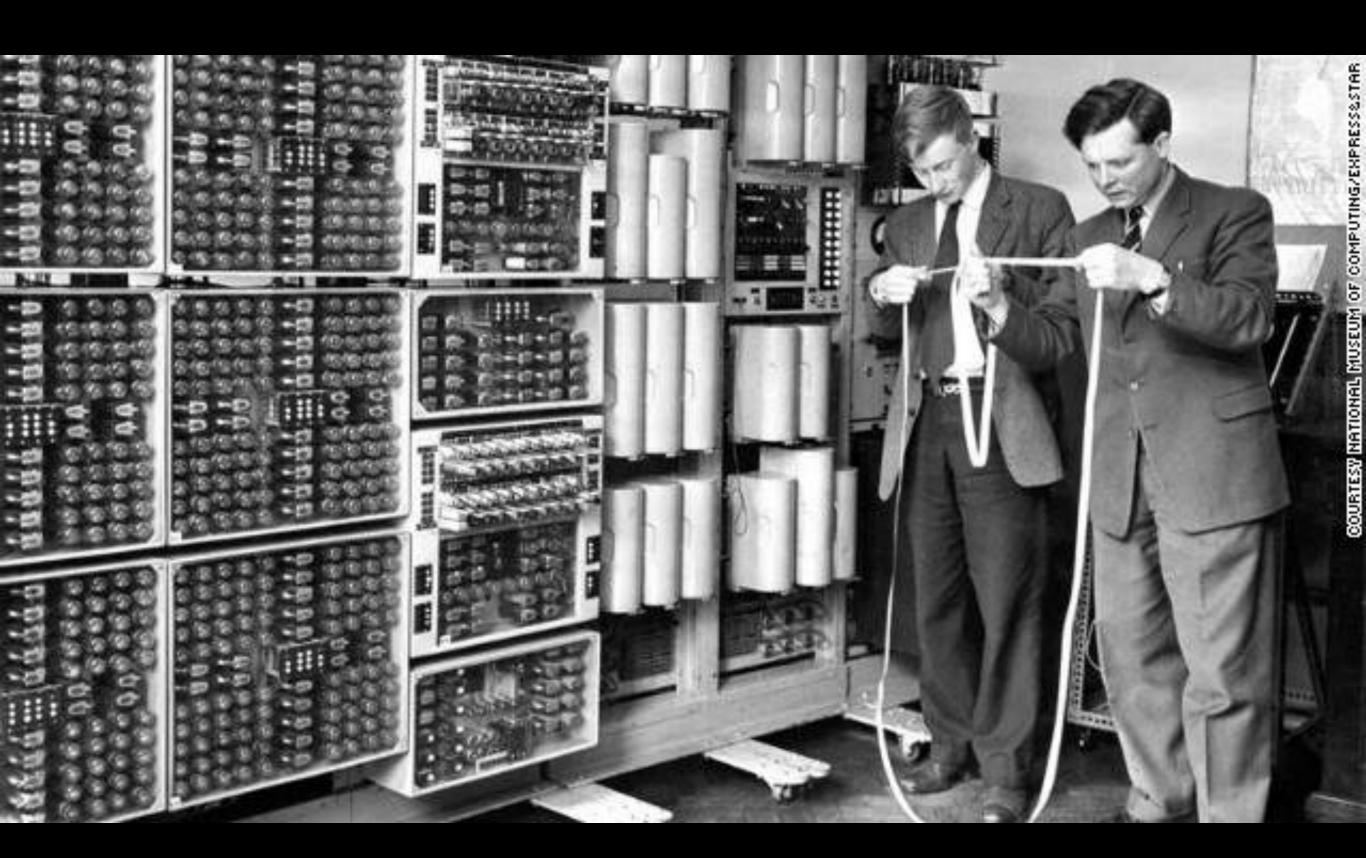
The Cloud!!

We <neart> ne Cloud

The cloud solves all problems.

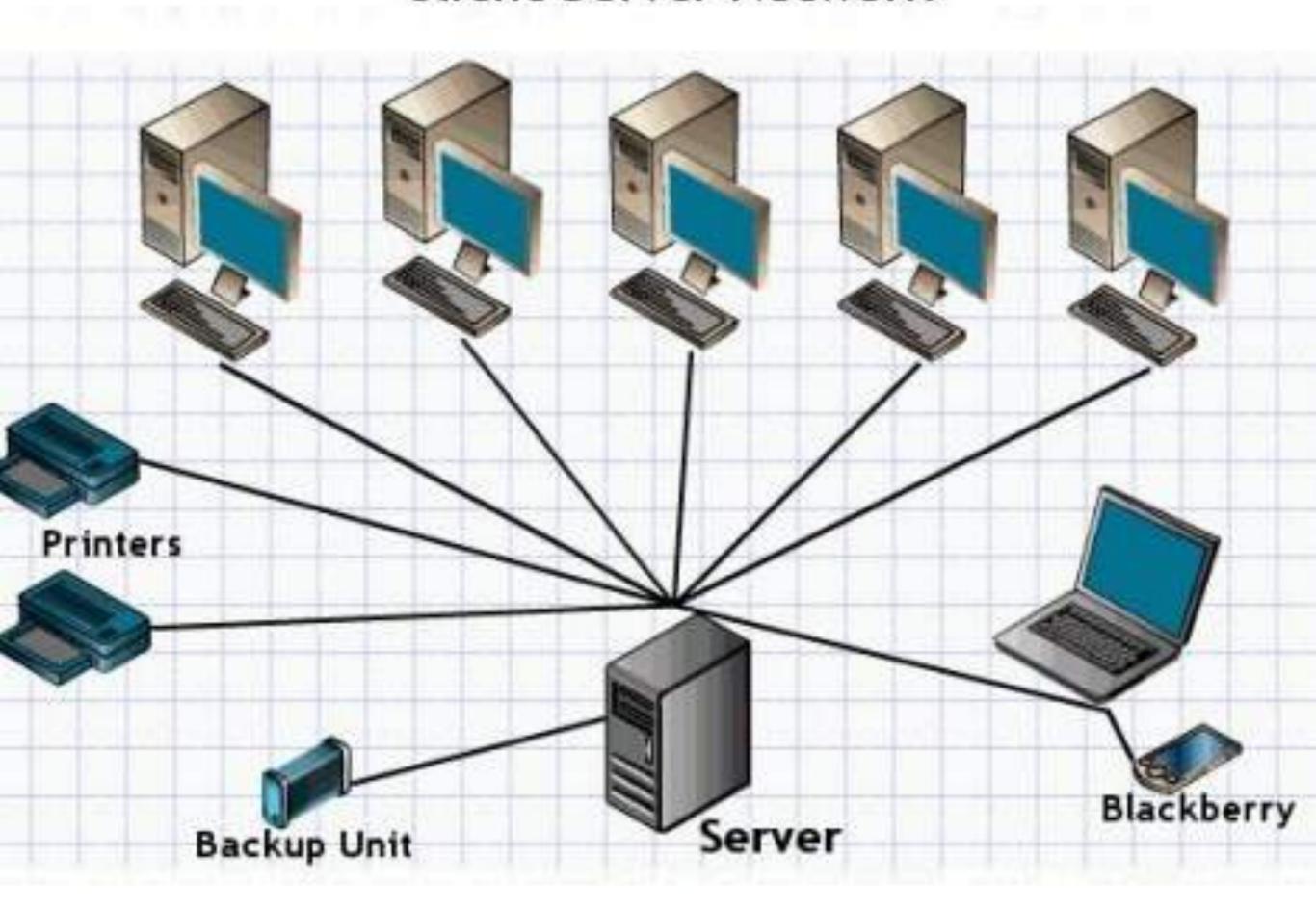
Cloud cloud.

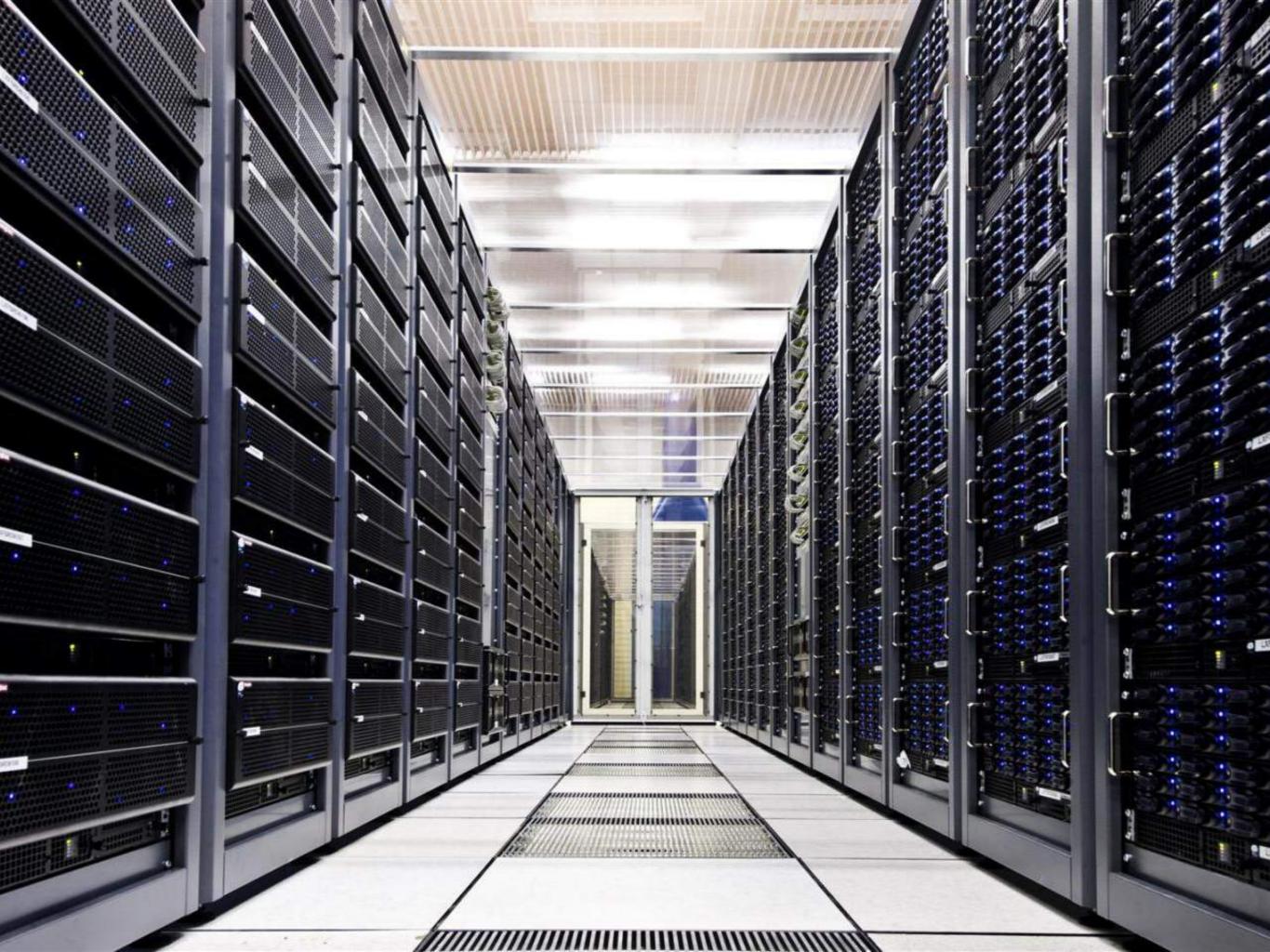
Distributed Computing



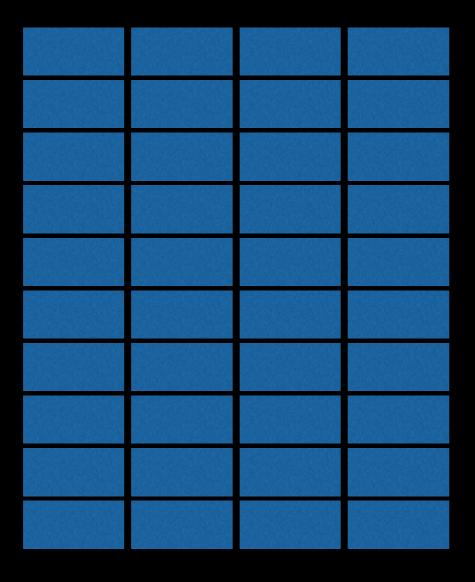


Client Server Network





Distributed Computing



- Divide work among many machines
- Coordinated central or decentralized
- Examples:
 - Genomics: 100s machines working on a dataset
 - Web Service: 10 machines each taking 1/10th of the web traffic for StackExchange.com
 - Storage: xx,000 machines holding all of Gmail's messages

Distributed computing can do more "work" than the largest single computer.

More storage.

More computing power.

More memory.

More throughput.

Mo' computers, Mo' problems

Thousands of Users

- Bigger risks
- Failures more visible
- Automation mandatory
- Cost containment becomes critical

Mo' computers, Mo' problems

Thousands of Users

- Bigger risks
- Failures more visible
- Automation mandatory
- Cost containment becomes critical

In response: Radical ideas on

- Reducing risk / Improve safety
- Reliability becomes a competitive differentiator
- New automation paradigms
- Cost and economics

Make peace with failure

Parts are imperfect
Networks are imperfect
Systems are imperfect
Code is imperfect
People are imperfect

Learn how to

BETTER



Buy the best, most reliable computer in the world. It is still going to fail.

If it doesn't, you'll still need to take it down for maintenance.

3 ways to fail better

- 1. Use cheaper, less reliable, hardware.
- 2. If a process/procedure is risky, do it a lot.
- 3. Don't punish people for outages.

Fail Better Part 1 of 3:

Use cheaper, less reliable, hardware.



















- Loss-damage waiver
- Liability
- Personal accident insurance
- Personal effects coverage



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- Personal effects coverage



RAID

RAID

Dual PS

RAID

Dual PS

UPS

RAID

Dual PS

UPS

Gold Maintenance

Load Balancer



High-End Server
RAID
Dual PS
UPS
Gold Maintenance

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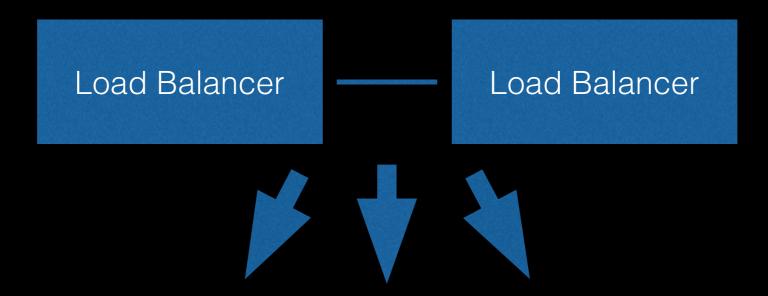
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Code Changes to Coordinate and Distribute Work



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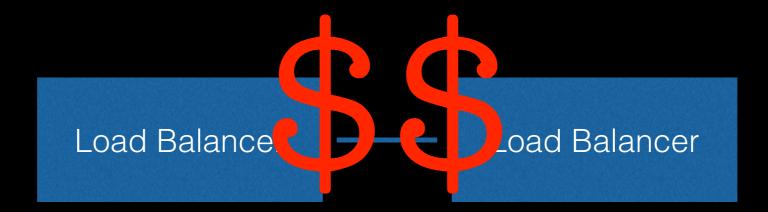
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Code Changes to Coordinate and Distribute Work



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Code Changes to Chordinate and Distribute Work

Reliability through software

- Resiliency through software:
 - Costs to develop. Free to deploy.

- Resiliency through hardware:
 - Costs every time you buy a new machine.



Best hardware.

Write code so that the system is distributed.



Double-spending



Cest nardware.

Write code so that the system is distributed.



Double-spending

Load Balancer

Load Balancer



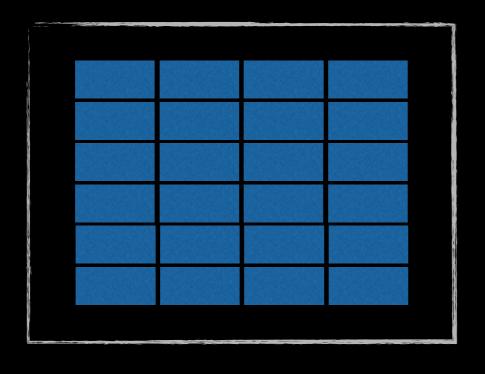
Efficient Server

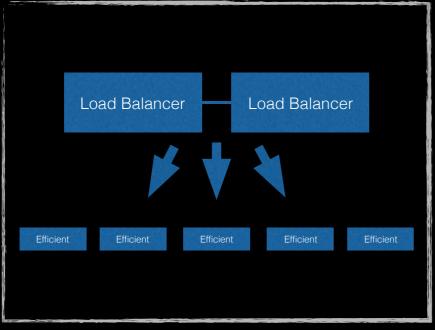
Efficient Server

Efficient Server

Efficient Server

Efficient Server

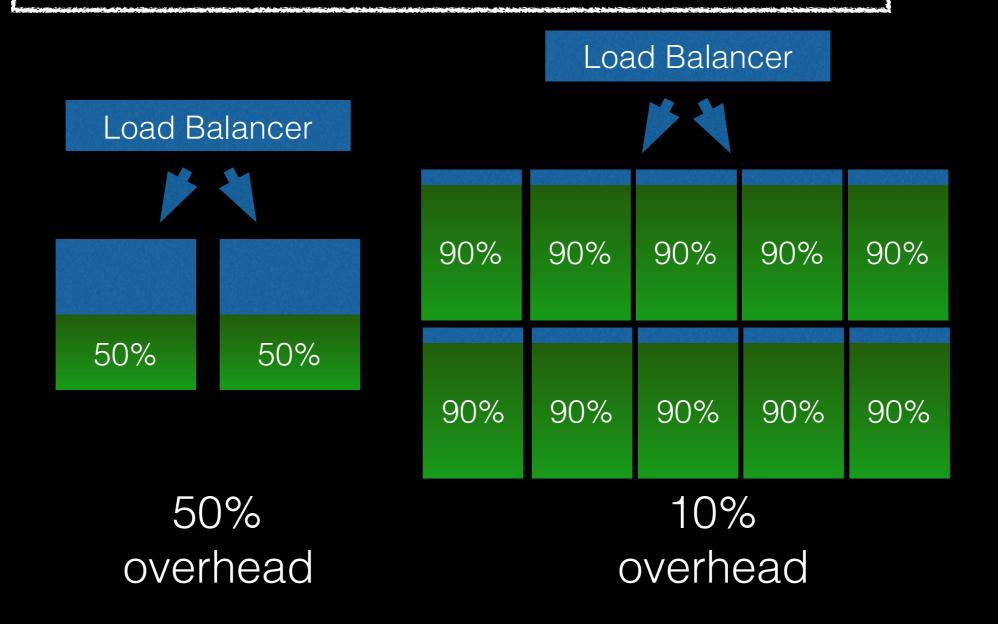




These techniques work for large grids of machines...

...and every-day systems too.

Big resiliency is cheaper



The right amount of resiliency is good. Too much is a waste.

Aim for an SLA target so you know when to stop.

Load balancing & redundancy is just one way to achieve resiliency.

The cheapest way to buy terabytes of RAM.

Fail Better Part 1 of 3:

Use cheaper, less reliable, hardware.

Fail Better Part 2 of 3:

If a process/procedure is risky, do it a lot.

Risky behavior vs.
Risky procedures

Risky Behaviors are inherently risky

- Smoking
- Shooting yourself in the foot
- Blindfolded chainsaw juggling



Risky behavior is risky.

Risky Processes can be improved through practice

- Software Upgrades
- Database Failovers
- Network Trunk Failovers
- Hardware Hot Swaps

StackExchange.com Failover from NY or Oregon













- StackExchange.com has a "DR" site in Oregon.
- StackExchange.com runs on SQL Server with "AlwaysOn" Availability Groups plus...

Redis, HAproxy, ISC BIND, CloudFlare, IIS, and many homegrown applications

Process was risky

- Took 10+ hours
- Required "hands on" by 3 teams.
- Found 30+ "improvements needed"
- Certain people were S.P.O.F.

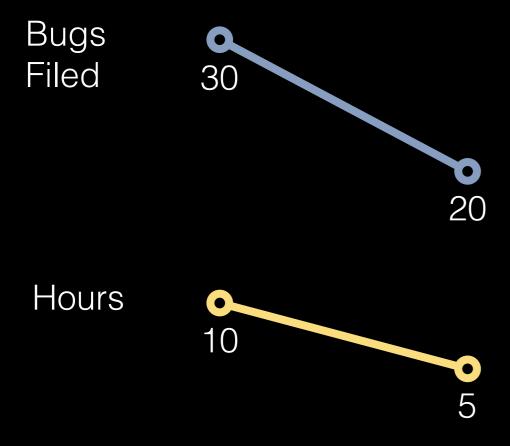
Bugs Filed

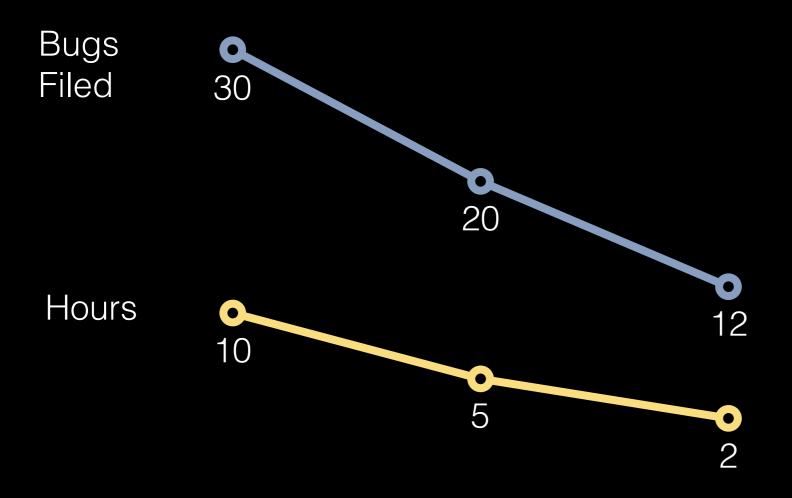


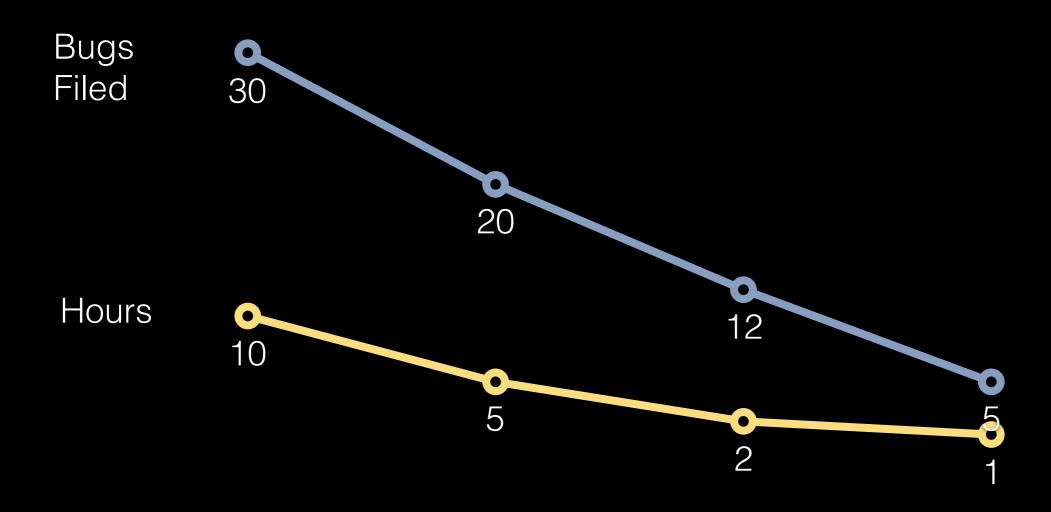
Hours



10







Why?

- Each drill "surfaces" areas of improvement.
- Each member of the team gains experience and builds confidence.
- "Smaller Batches" are better

Software Upgrades

- Traditional
 - Months of planning
 - Incompatibility issues
 - Very expensive
 - Very visible mistakes
 - By the time we're done, time to start over again.

- Distributed Computing
 - High frequency (many times a day or week)
 - Fully automated
 - Easy to fix failures
 - Cheap... encourages experiments

"Big Bang" releases are inherently risky.

Small batches are better

Fewer changes each batch:

• If there are bugs, easier to identify source

Reduced lead time:

It is easier to debug code written recently.

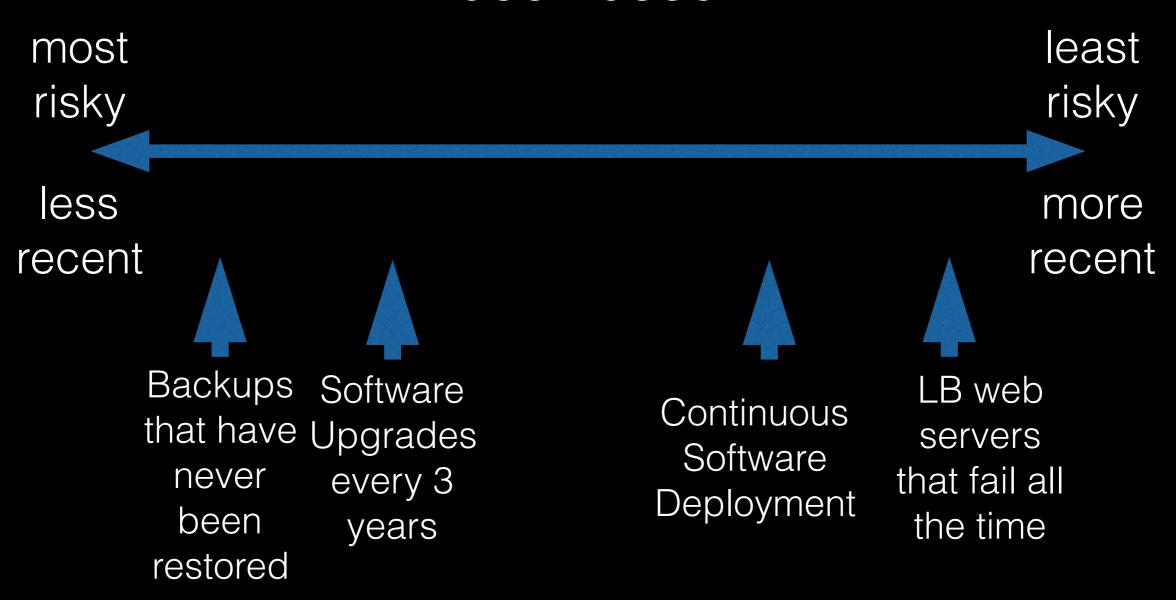
Environment has changed less:

Fewer "external changes" to break on

Happier, more motivated, employees:

Instant gratification for all involved

Risk is *inversely proportional* to how recently a process has been used



Netflix "Chaos Monkey"



- Randomly reboots machines.
- Keeps Netflix "on its toes".
- Part of the Simian Army:
 - Chaos Monkey (hosts)
 - Chaos Kong (data centers)
 - Latency Monkey (adds random performance delays)

Fail Better Part 2 of 3:

If a process/procedure is risky, do it a lot.

Fail Better Part 3 of 3:

Don't punish people for outages.

There will always be outages.

There will always

be outa

Make peace with failure

Parts are imperfect

Networks are imperfect

Systems are imperfect

People are imperfect

Getting angry about outages is equivalent to expecting them to never happen... which is irrational.

Out-dated attitudes about outages

- Expect perfection: 100% uptime
- Punish exceptions:
 - fire someone to "prove we're serious"
- Results:
 - People hide problems
 - People stop communicating
 - Discourages transparency
 - Small problems get ignored, turn into big problems

New thinking on outages

- Set uptime goals: 99.9% +/- 0.05
- Anticipate outages:
 - Strategic resiliency techniques, oncall system
 - Drills to keep in practice, improve process
- Results:
 - Encourages transparency, communication
 - Small problems addressed, fewer big problems
 - Over-all uptime improved



There are only Contributing Factors

After the outage, publish a postmortem document

- People involved write a "blameless postmortem"
 - Identifies what happened, how, what can be done to prevent similar problems in the future.
 - Published widely internally and externally.
- Instead of blame, people take responsibility:
 - Responsibility for implementing long-term fixes.
 - Responsibility for educating other teams how to learn from this.

Outage Post-Mortem - 2014-08-25/Outage

Summary:

On Aug 25, 2014 there was an outage of all web properties (Core and Careers) from 3:27pm to 3:32pm NYC-time (approx 7 minutes). The cause was an incorrect change to security settings. The solution was to revert the change via Puppet. Measures being implemented to prevent this problem in the future are listed below.

Outage Type	Sites Down
Outage Timeframe	2014-08-25 19:24, about 7m of downtime
Worst-Case Outage window	7 minutes
Assets affected	All
Summary of causes	Bad change to firewall rules.
Recommendations	Need to refactor firewall rules to be more easy to understand and update; Need to develop better testing methods for firewall rulesets.

Background Information

The intended change: SRE was attempting to update the firewall rules to to permit internal openid calls to work directly rather than going out to the internet and back in.

Outage Schedule of Events

2014-08-25 19:01 da2d38d6a Change pushed to Git

2014-08-25 19:26 Puppet runs on ny-lb05 (pushed bad change / outage BEGINS)

2014-08-25 19:27 Pagerduty and Pingdom page oncall (Tom)

2014-08-25 19:27 @David asked "Who broke everything but chat?" on SRE-team

2014-08-25 19:27 da2d38d6a1 Revert pushed to Git

2014-08-25 19:30 Puppet runs on ny-lb06 (pushed revert)

2014-08-25 19:32 Puppet runs on ny-lb05 (pushes revert) (outage RESOLVED)

Things that went Right

- Use of version control with Puppet means we are able to revert bad changes quickly.
- Everyone worked together to find and fix the problem.

Processes Needing Improvement

- Firewall rules should be refactored to be easier to understand and update.
- Firewall rules need a better testing method.

Immediate to do

Improve comments in iptables files (there are wrong and misleading comments)
 (Done: b55e654d9f)

Long term to do

- Move LB firewalls to the new structure being developed.
- Establish better testing methodology for firewall changes.

I dunno about anybody else, but I really like getting these post-mortem reports. Not only is it nice to know what happened, but it's also great to see how you guys handled it in the moment and how you plan to prevent these events going forward. Really neato. Thanks for the great work:)

----Anna

Fail Better Part 3 of 3:

Don't punish people for outages.

Take-homes

- "cloud computing" = "distributed computing"
- 1. Use cheaper, less reliable, hardware
 - Create reliability through software (when possible)
 - Pay only for the reliability you need
- 2. If a process/procedure is risky, do it a lot
 - Practice makes perfect
 - "Small Batches" improves quality and morale
- 3. Don't punish people for outages
 - Focus on accountability and take responsibility





Copulation Statement

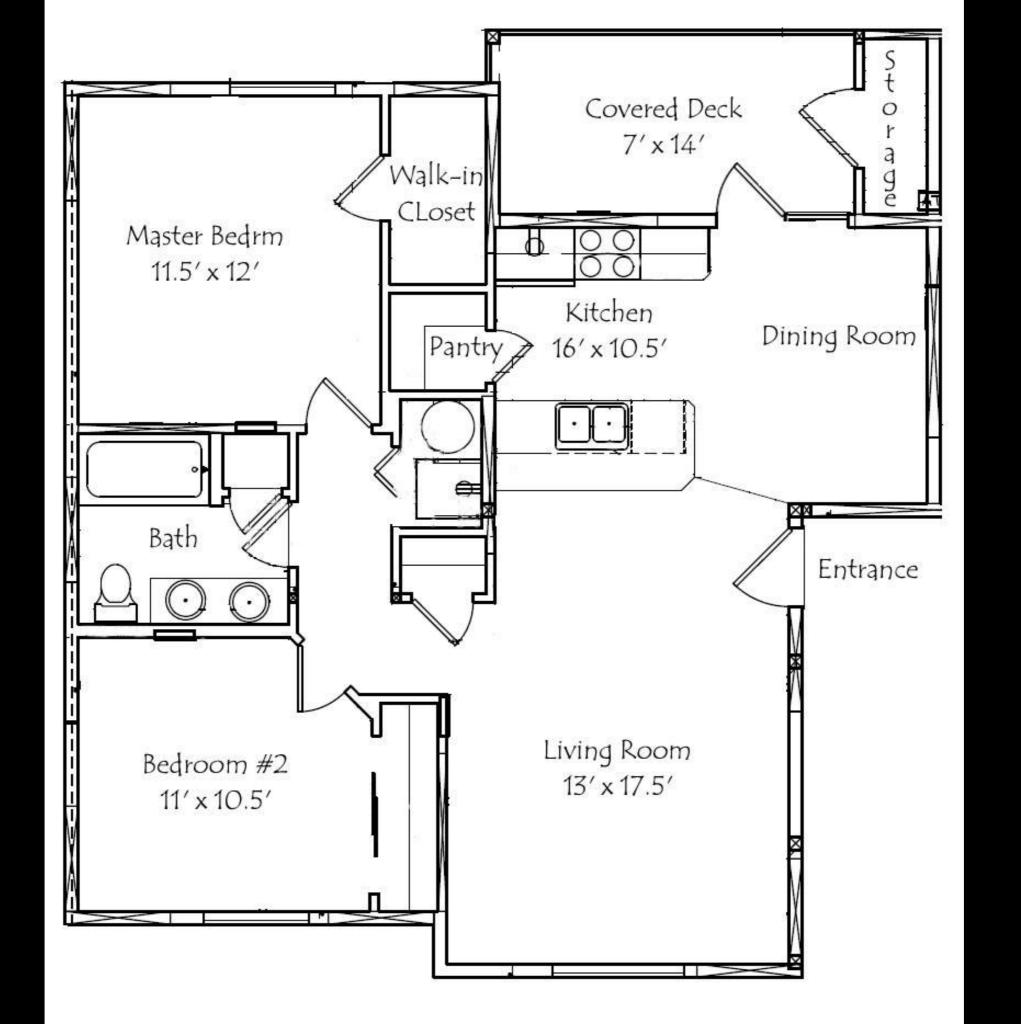
HOW TO IMPLEMENT

MANUFACTURING

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Home Life

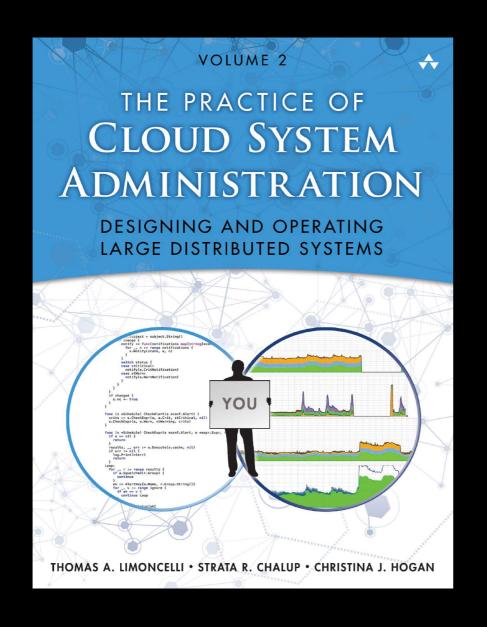








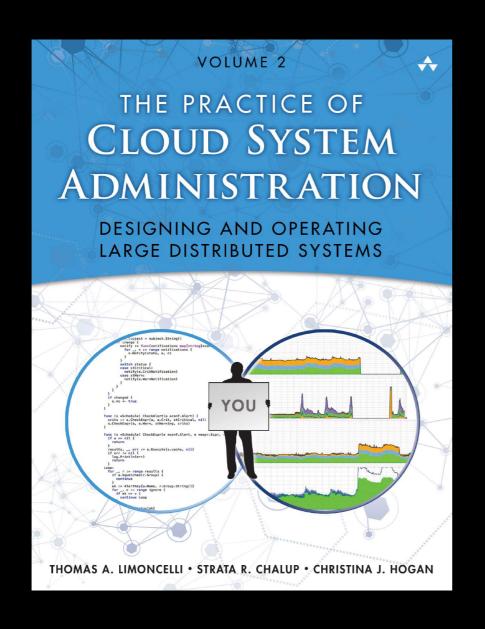
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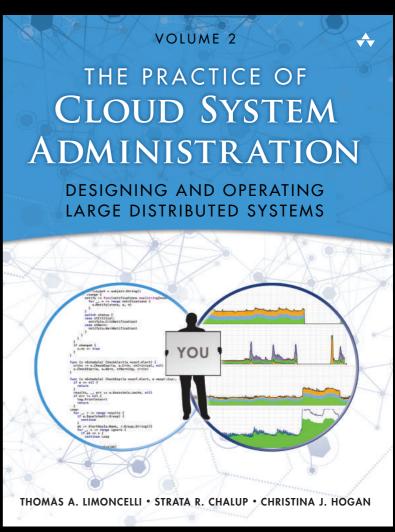
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